

5 Pillars of Islam

My First Steps Towards Islam



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M.A., MPhil in Arabic, Director - Ocean The ABM School, Hyd.

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Published By:

ABM PRINT TIME
23-1-916/B, Moghalpura,
Hyderabad – 500002
Telangana State, India
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+91 – 99890 22928

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Design By: Syed Zabi Uddin Quadri
(Suffah Graphics)

Printed in India By: ABM PRINT TIME

Published in May 2021

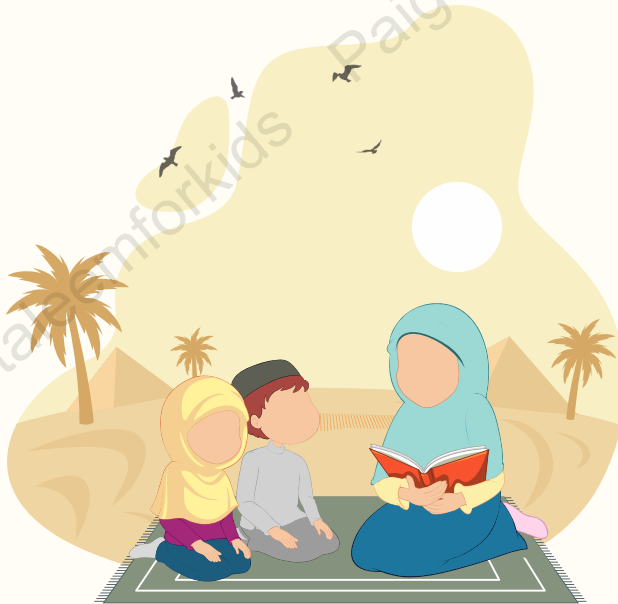
Price: INR 120/-

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PREFACE

"In The Name Of Allah, The Most Gracious, The Most Merciful"

Dear Readers,

Assalamualaikum Wa Rahmathullahi Wa Barakathuhu

All praises are for Allah, the Exalted, the Lord of the universe.

May the blessings of Allah and His peace be showered upon the last Prophet Muhammed ﷺ, his family, companions and all those who follow His guidance until the day of judgment.

Prophet Muhammad ﷺ said,

"Seeking knowledge is an obligation upon every Muslim..."

(At-Tirmidhi)

Above Hadith emphasizes the great importance of seeking knowledge for all the ages, hence this book 'My First Steps Towards Islam' is prepared keeping in mind the psychology of young minds, and the need to give them the authentic religious knowledge in a very simple and clear manner from the tender age.

This book is based on question-and-answer format, as questions make them ponder over it, helps to improve their thinking skills, concepts get cleared, and they develop interest in learning.

This book will help the parents in teaching their children basic concepts of Islam. In sha Allah it will prove to be beneficial for all and specially for our young readers.

May Allah Almighty shower His blessings on us and make it easy for us to train our children in an Islamic way. Ameen Ya Rabbi.

Shaikh Nooruddin Umeri

MA, MPhil.

April 2021



Tawheed



Q Who do Muslims worship?

A Muslims worship only one Allah.

Q Who are Allah's Parents?

A Allah has no parents.

Q Does Allah have wife?

A Allah has no wife.

Q Does Allah have children?

A Allah has no children.

اللَّهُ

Q Does Allah have any Partner?

A Allah has no Partner. Allah does not need anyone to help him.

Q Does Allah sleep?

A Allah does not sleep.

Q Who provide us food?

A Allah provides us food.

Q Who made everything?

A Allah made everything.

الله

Q

What do we call it when Allah made everything out of nothing?

9

A

We called it CREATION.

Q

Who made everything without using anything?

10

A

Allah made everything without using anything.

Q

Who created us?

11

A

Allah created us.

Q

How do we thank/praise Allah for giving everything?

12

A

By saying
ALHAMDULILLAH.

الحمد لله



Q

What is the meaning of ALHAMDULILLAH
RABBIL AALAMEEN?

13

A

All praise and thanks are due to Allah, Lord of
all the worlds.

Q

What is the meaning of AL-MUHYEE?

14

A

Giver of life or the life giver

Q

What is the meaning of
AL-KHALIQ?

15

A

The Creator.

Q

What is the meaning of
AS-SAMEE?

16

A

All-Hearing.



Q What is the meaning of Al-Aleem?

17

A All-Knowing.

Q What is the meaning of Al-Baseer?

18

A All-Seeing.

Q What is the meaning of ARKAAN-E-ISLAM?

19

A It means the Pillars of Islam.

Q How many Pillars of Islam are there?

20

A Islam is based on 5 Pillars.

Q

21 What are the five Pillars of Islam?

A

- 1} Shahadah
- 2} Salaah
- 3} Zakah
- 4} Sawm
- 5} Hajj



Q

22 What is the meaning of Laa ilaaha illallaah?

A

There is no God but Allah.

Q

23 What is the message of the books of Allah?

A

All the books had the same message of TAWHEED.

لا إله إلا الله

Q

What happened to these books?

24

A

Except Quran, all the other books were lost or changed by the People.

Q

What is Shahadah?

25

A

Shahadah is the declaration of Faith.

Laa ilaaha ill-Allah Muhammadur-Rasoolullaah.

Q

What is the meaning of Laa ilaaha ill-Allah Muhammadur-Rasoolullaah?

26

A

There is no God worthy of worship but Allah and Muhammad ﷺ is His messenger.

Q

What is Eemaan?

27

A

Eemaan Means Faith.

Q

What is the meaning of Faith?

28

A

Faith means complete trust in Allah without any doubt.

Q

What are the 6 pillars of Eemaan?

29

A

The 6 Pillars Of Islam Are

- 1} To believe in Allah
- 2} To believe in His Angels
- 3} To believe in His Books
- 4} To believe in His Messenger
- 5} To believe in the day of Judgement
- 6} To believe in divine destiny / Fate / Qadr.

Q

What is Tawheed?

30

A

It is the foundation of Islam and one of the essential articles of faith.

Q

31 What is the other word for Oneness of Allah?

A

Tawheed.

Q

32 In which shortest surah of the Quran the principles of oneness of Allah are summed up?

A

Surah Ikhlaas.

Q

33 Why did Allah created Human and Jinns?

A

Allah created human and jinns to worship him.

Q

34 Why did Allah sent the messengers?

A

Allah sent down many messengers to guide the humans.

Q

Why should we seek Allah's help?

35

A

We should seek Allah's help as He is our creator and protector.

Q

From where does Allah provide the food and drink?

36

A

Allah provides the food and drink from the heaven and earth.

Q

What happens if we are thankful to Allah?

37

A

If we are thankful to Allah, he will increase His blessing for us.

Q

What is the reward of memorizing the 99 names of Allah?

38

A

The one memorizes the 99 names of Allah will enter the paradise.

Q

What do we call 'The most beautiful 99 names of Allah'?

39

A

Al-Asthma Al -Husna.

Q

What do the 99 names of Allah expresses?

40

A

These names express the attributes of Allah.

Q

Which names of Allah are the most repeated in the Holy Quran?

41

A

Ar Rahman and Ar Raheem.

Q

Name some attributes of Allah.

42

A

Some attributes of Allah are The Most Merciful, The Most Compassionate' The Beneficent, The Most Gracious, The Merciful, or The Caring.

Q

What do you mean by Ar-Rahman?

43

A

Ar-Rahmaan means One whose mercy is overflowing.

Q

What do you mean by Ar Raheem?

44

A

Ar-Raheem means One whose Mercy is continuous and permanent.

Q

How many times does Allah reward us for the good deeds?

45

A

He rewards us for our good deeds many times.

Q

Why do you think Allah forgives us when we turn to Him after committing sins?

46

A

Allah forgives us when we return to Him after committing sins because Allah is Most Kind and Most Merciful. He is the only one who can forgive us.

Q What is the greeting in Islam?

47

A The greeting of Islam is salaam, which means peace.

Q How should a Muslim greet the other Muslim?

48

A A Muslim should greet another Muslim by saying:
As-Salaamu alaikum wa rahmatullaahi wa barakaatuh.

Q How should a Muslim return the greeting of another Muslim?

49

A A Muslim should return the greeting of another Muslim by saying:
Wa alaikum-us salaam wa rahmatullaahi wa barakaatuh.

Q What is shirk?

50

A Shirk means associating others with Allah in worship. It is the opposite of Tawheed.

Q How is a Mushrik?

51

A A person who associates anyone or anything with Allah in worship is a mushrik.

Q Which is the biggest sin in Islam?

52

A Shirk.

Q What is paradise and hell?

53

A Paradise is the final home of joy and peace, reserved only for the obedient servant of Allah. Hell is the final home of pain and suffering, reserved for the disobedient servants of Allah.

Q Why did Allah created life and death?

54

A Allah has created death and life so He may test which of us is best in deeds.

Q

What do you mean by Al-Akhirah?

55

A

Akhirah means life after death.

Q

Where do we find the detailed description of Paradise and Hell?

56

A

The Qur'an describes in detail the delights and pleasures of Paradise as well as the punishments of Hell.

Q

What are the five questions that a person will be asked on the Day of Judgement?

57

A

- 1} How he spent his life,
- 2} How he spent his youth,
- 3} How he earned his wealth, and
- 4} How he spent it,
- 5} How he acted upon what he acquired of knowledge. (At-Tirmidhee)

Cleanliness

Taharah (Ritual Purity)





Q What is Taharah?

A Taharah is an act of purifying oneself from ritual impurity.

Q How do Muslims clean themselves?

A Muslims clean themselves with pure water.

Q How would you know that water is pure?

A Water remains pure if its color, taste and smell doesn't change.

Q What is the essence of life?

A Water.



5 **Q** What is necessary before offering salah?

A Wudhu.

6 **Q** Which kind of the water is the blessed?

A The Zam-Zam is the blessed water.

7 **Q** What are living creatures made up of?

A Water.

8 **Q** Name the different types of water?

A Rainwater, Spring water, Ice water and River water.



9

Q Mention two things that are impure?

A Urine and stool.

10

Q In how many ways goodness and purity of water can be seen?

A In three ways: color, smell and taste.

11

Q If a Muslim is not Tahir, pure and clean, can he touch the Noble Qur'an.

A No.



12

Q Is Taaharah a required for ibadah?

A Yes.



13 **Q** What is the main purpose of Taaharah?

A Cleanliness of heart and mind.

14 **Q** How to make impure things pure?

A Impure things can be made pure by washing them with water.

15 **Q** What purifies the clothes and body?

A Water.

16 **Q** Which things break the Tahaarah?

A Breaking wind, passing urine, passing stool and deep sleep.



17

Q

Will Allah accept the salah offered in the state of impurity?

A

No.



18

Q

How Taharaah may be regained?

A

By making wudhu.

19

Q

When does a Muslim become ritually impure?

A

If he relieves himself or break wind.

20

Q

Whose prayers are not accepted by Allah?

A

One who does not make wudhu after he has become ritually impure.



21

Q

What is the English word for Tayammum?

A

Tayammum is called as dry ablution.

22

Q

What is Tasmiyah?

A

Tasmiyah means saying Bismillah in the name of Allah.

23

Q

Why do teeth decay?

A

A tooth decay is caused by the food we eat which has sugar added to them to make it sweet.

24

Q

Write a few lines on how you can take care of your teeth?

A

We must brush our teeth at least twice a day, in the early morning and before we go to bed.



Q

How did Allah's messenger used to clean his teeth?

25

A

Allah's Messenger used to clean his teeth regularly with a siwaak.

Q

What is the importance of using siwaak?

26

A

Using siwaak is a Sunnah. The Prophet said, 'Siwaak cleans the mouth and is pleasing to the Lord.' (Ahmad and At-Tirmidhee)

Q

How often should one take a bath and why?

27

A

One should daily take a bath. As it helps us to be keep clean.

Q

What are the Prophet's thoughts on dirty hair?

28

A

Once Allah's Messenger ﷺ a man with unkempt hair and he said "Doesn't this man has anything to make his hair tidy? " (Abu Daawood).

Wudhu



Q

1 What is necessary before offering salah?

A

Wudhu.

Q

2 What is Wudhu?

A

Wudhu is a special wash that a Muslim performs with water before offering salah or reading the Holy Qur'an.

Q

3 What should be used to perform the Wudhu?

A

Pure water

Q

4 How many times should the mouth be rinsed while performing wudhu?

A

3 times.

5 **Q** How should you wash the face while performing wudhu?

A Face should be washed three times, from the hairline to the chin and from right ear to left ear.

6 **Q** Which foot should be washed first while performing wudhu?

A Right.

7 **Q** What is the supplication to start wudhu?

A Bismillah.

8 **Q** What do you say upon completing Wudhu?

A Ash-hadu alla ilaahaa illallaahu wahdahu la shareeka lahu, wa ash-hadu anna muhammadan abduhu warasooluh

Masjīd



**Q**

What is the Arabic word for Mosque?

1

A

Masjid means, "place of prostration."

Q

What is the purpose of masjid?

2

A

A masjid is a place in which Muslims pray five times a day.

Q

Who calls Adhaan from the masjid?

3

A

The Mu'adh-dhin calls out the adhan from the masjid.

Q

What to say when entering the masjid?

4

A

Allaahummaftah lee abwaaba rahmatik.

Q

What to say when leaving the masjid?

5

A

Allahumma innee as'aluka mim fadlik.

Q

By which foot we must enter the masjid?

6

A

Right foot.

Q

By Which foot should we come out of the masjid?

7

A

Left foot.

Q

Which masjid is most honored in Islam?

8

A

Al-Masjid Al-Haram, in Makkah.

**Q**

Which masjid is second most honored?

9

A

Masjid un Nabawi in Madinah.

Q

What is MINBAR?

10

A

It is a pulpit in the form of a staircase on which the Imam stands to deliver the sermons (Khutbah).

Q

What should we do first after entering the masjid?

11

A

We should not sit down until we have performed "Two rakahs".

Q

What do you mean by laa hawla laa quwwata illa billa?

12

A

There is no power no might except Allah.



Q

How many times does the Mu'adh-dhin call out for the prayer in a day?

13

A

5 times.

Q

What do you mean by hayya alassalah, hayya alalfalah?

14

A

Hasten to prayer, Hasten to success.

Q

What you should do when you hear adhan?

15

A

Prepare ourselves for salah.

Q

What is Iqamah?

16

A

Iqamah is the call to start of the fard salah.



Q

What do you mean by Allah u Akbar?

17

A

Allah is the great.



Salah



Q

What is Salah?

1

A

Salah is the Arabic word for the ritual prayer that is obligatory for Muslims to perform five times a day. It is one of the pillars of Islam.

Q

What is the best act of obedience?

2

A

Salah.

Q

What is the second pillar of Islam?

3

A

Salah.



Q

What is compulsory upon every Muslim?

4

A

Salah.

Q

What is the meaning of FARD?

5

A

Fard means Compulsory.

Q

How many fard prayers are there in a day and night?

6

A

There are 5 fard prayers in a day and night.

Q

Name 5 fard prayers?

7

A

- 1} Fajr
- 2} Dhuhr
- 3} Asr
- 4} Maghrib
- 5} Isha

Q

What should we recite after every fard salah?

8

A

We should recite Subhaan-Allah, Alhamdulillah, Allahu-Akbar 33 times each.

Q
What is “Tashahhud”?

9

A

At-tahiyaatu illaahi, wassalawaatu wattayibaat, assalaamu alaika ayyuhan-nabiyyu wa rahmatullahi wa barakathuhu. Assalaamu 'alainaa wa 'aala ibaadillahis-saaliheen, ash-hadu allaa ilaaha illallaah, wa ash-hadu allaa illaaha, wa ash-hadu anna Muhammadan 'abduhu wa rasooluh.

Q
What do we recite after Tashahhud?

10

A

Allaahumma salli 'alaa muhammad, wa 'alaa aali Muhammad kamaa sallaita 'alaa ibrahim wa 'alaa aali Ibrahim, innaka hameedun majeed. Allaahumma baarik 'alaa Muhammad, wa 'alaa aali muhammad kamaa barakta 'alaa Ibrahim wa 'alaa aali ibrahim, innaka hameedun majeed.

Q
What is a rak'ah?

11

A

A rak'ah is a set of recitations and movements.



Q

12 What is Ruku?

A

Ruku means bowing (while holding both the knees)

Q

13 What is sujud?

A

Sujud means prostration - done twice in each rakah. (By putting hands, forehead and nose, knees and toes on the ground)

Q

14 What is the merit of congregational prayer (jamaa'ah)?

A

Congregational prayer surpasses that of individual prayer by 27 degrees.

Q

15 What prophet Muhammad ﷺ said about the Fajr congregation?

A

Fajr in congregation is like spending the whole night in prayer.

Q 16 What prophet Muhammad ﷺ said about the Isha congregation?

A Isha in congregation is like spending the half night in prayer.

Q 17 At what time do we have to pray Fajr?

A The time for fajr prayer starts with the coming of dawn until the sky starts to become yellowish.

Q 18 At what time do we have to pray Dhuhr?

A The time for Dhuhr starts from midday until an object's shadow is about the same length as the object itself.

Q 19 At what time do we have to pray Asr?

A The time for Asr starts from the time when the length of one's shadow is equal to one's height.

Q

At what time do we have to pray Maghrib?

20

A

The time for the maghrib starts immediately after sunset and lasts till the twilight disappears.

Q

At what time do we have to pray Isha?

21

A

The time for Isha starts from the disappearance of the twilight and continues to half of the night.

Q

Mention the fard rakahs of five daily prayers?

22

A

The number of fard rak'ahs of the five daily prayers are as follows

Fajr	Two rak'ahs
Dhuhr	Four rak'ahs
Asr	Four rak'ahs
Maghrib	Three rakahs
Isha	Four rakahs

Q

Who is obliged to attend Salat Jumu'ah?

23

A

Salatul Jumu'ah is obligatory on every free, adult, non-travelling men who do not have a valid excuse, such as illness, for not attending.

Q

What are the etiquettes of Friday prayers?

24

A

- 1} Taking a bath (ghusl) The Prophet said, taking a bath on Friday is obligatory for every adult.
- 2} Wearing clean clothes and applying fragrance
- 3} Leaving early to arrive before its time.
- 4} Not to separate between two people who are sitting.
- 5} Praying two rakahs before sitting down

Q

What are the benefits of reciting Surat al-Kahf?

25

A

Whoever recites Surat al-Kahf on Friday, what is between the two Fridays will be illuminated for him.

Q

How many raka'hs does the witr prayer has?

26

A

3 raka'hs.

Q

Name the two surahs that are recommended to be recited after Surat al-Fatihah in the two rak'ahs before the witr prayer?

27

A

Surat al Alaa and Surat al Kafiiron.



Fasting





Q What is Sawm?

A Sawm means to fast in the month of Ramadan.

Q In which month should we fast?

A We should fast in the month of Ramadan

Q What is the fourth pillar of Islam?

A Sawm is the fourth pillar of Islam.

Q What do you mean by sawm?

A Sawm means abstaining from eating and drinking from dawn to sunset.

Q

When does the fast of Ramadan begins?

5

A

The fast of Ramadan begins on the day following the sighting of the new moon of the month of Ramadan.

Q

What is the ninth month in the Islamic calendar?

6

A

Ramadan.



Q

What is suhoor?

7

A

Suhoor is the meal which is taken before dawn with the intention of fasting.

Q

What is iftaar?

8

A

Iftar is the meal taken to break the fast at sunset.

Q

What does Sawm reminds Muslim?

A

Sawm teaches the self-discipline and reminds Muslims of the hardships of the poor.

Q

In which month was Quran revealed?

A

The Holy Quran was revealed in the month of Ramadan.

Q

What is the supplication after breaking the fast?

A

Dhahabadh-dhama'u, wabtal latil-'urooqu, wa thabatal-ajru inshaa-Allaah The thirst has gone, the veins are moistened, and the reward is confirmed, if Allah wills.

Q

What is Eid ul Fitr?

A

The end of the month of Ramadan is marked by a festival called Eed-ul-Fitr, which means the festival of breaking the fast.

Q

Where is the Eid prayer performed? Why?

13

A

The Eid prayers are usually performed in a large mosque or in an open space so that all the people of the locality can gather to pray together.



Zakah



1 **Q** What is Zakah?

A Zakah means purifying dues.



2 **Q** What is the third pillar of Islam?

A Zakah.



3 **Q** What makes the stronger ties of brotherhood between rich and poor?

A Zakah.

4 **Q** What are the benefits of zakah?

A It blesses one's wealth and purifies the heart from selfishness.



Q

What if wealthy people don't give zakah?

5

A

On the day of judgement, their wealth will be made to appear like snake around their necks.

Q

What is the primary meaning of Zakah?

6

A

The primary meaning of the word zakah is purity and cleanliness.

Q

On whom is Zakah due?

7

A

Zakah is due on every free Muslim man or woman who has wealth above the nisaab level and a year passes on it.



Q

What are the things on which Zakah is due?

A

Gold: 85 grams
 Silver: 595 grams
 Trading goods: Equal to 85 grams of gold or 595
 Camels: 5 camels
 Goats or Sheep: 40 goats or sheep
 Cows: 30 cows

whatever remains in possession of the above amounts or quantities for a period of one full year must pay zakah on them.

Q

Who should receive Zakah?

A

- 1} The poor
- 2} The needy
- 3} Those employed to collect the zakah
- 4} Those whose hearts are to be reconciled.
This includes new converts to Islam.
- 5} The freeing of slaves
- 6} Those in debt
- 7} In the way of Allah
- 8} The stranded travelers

Hajj





Q

1 What is Hajj?

A

Hajj is the annual pilgrimage to the House of Allah - the ka'bah - in Makkah.

Q

2 What is the fifth pillar of Islam?

A

Hajj is the fifth pillar of Islam.

Q

3 What are the three conditions needed for hajj?

A

Hajj is compulsory for every adult, sane Muslim, male or female, once in his or her lifetime, provided:

- 1} He has enough money for the journey,
- 2} He is in good health,
- 3} The journey to Makkah is safe and does not involve any danger.





Q

4 What is the reward for a pilgrimage that is mabroor?

A

Pilgrimage that is mabroor is better than this world and all it contains. There is no reward for such a pilgrimage but Paradise. (Al-Bukharee)

Q

5 What is Ihram and how the people cover themselves with Ihram clothing?

A

The formal dress of performing hajj is Ihram. For men, the ihram clothing consists of two unstitched pieces of cloth to cover the upper and the lower parts of their bodies. Ihram clothing for ladies consists of their simple daily clothes. They are required to keep their faces and hands uncovered while in the state of ihram.

Q

6 What is tawaf?

A

Circling around the Kabah 7 times in an anticlockwise direction is known as Tawaf.

**Q**

What is Hajj mabroor?

7

A

Hajj maboor is the accepted Hajj.

Q

When is Talbiyah recited?

8

A

Talbiyah is recited by the pilgrims upon wearing the Ihram with the intention of Hajj or Umrah.

Q

What is sa'ee?

9

A

Sa'ee is walking 7 times back and forth between the two hillocks of Safa and Marwah.

Q

Can children go for hajj with their parents?

10

A

Yes, but is compulsory for them to perform Hajj again when they become adults.



Q

11 What did Allah said about the Hajj in the Quran?

A

Allah says in the Qur'an: **وَلِلَّهِ الْأَسْمَاءُ الْحُسْنَىٰ فَادْعُوهُ بِهَا**
"Hajj to the House is a duty to Allah for mankind,
for him who can find a way to do it." (3:97)

Q

12 What is the main purpose of Hajj?

A

The main purpose of the hajj is to show obedience to Allah. The hajj is a way of worshipping Allah.

Q

13 What is Miqaat?

A

The Arabic term miqaat means the place around Makkah from where a pilgrim assumes the state of ihram.

Q

14 Who is Muhrim?

A

A person in the state of Ihram is called as Muhrim.

**Q**

15 What pilgrims do on first day of Hajj?

A

On the 8th day of Dhul-Hijjah, the first day of hajj, pilgrims travel to Mina, about 8 kilometers from Makkah and spend the night.

Q

16 What pilgrims do on 9th day of Dhul-Hijjah?

A

On the 9th of Dhul-Hijjah, they travel to the plain of Arafah, about 22 kilometers from Makkah. They halt for the day in this plain and pray to Allah or forgiveness.

Q

17 Where is Muzdalifah?

A

Muzdalifah is a plain between Mina and Arafat, 6 miles from Makka and 3 miles from Mina.

Q

18 What is Jamraat?

A

At Mina, there are three stone pillars called jamraat. The jamraat are located within a few hundred feet of one another in a line.



Q

What is Eid ul Adha?

19

A

It is the festival of sacrifice which marks the end of the great time of hajj.

Q

What is the purpose of Eid ul Adha?

20

A

The purpose of this festival is to remind Muslims of their duty to always submit to the Will of Allah.

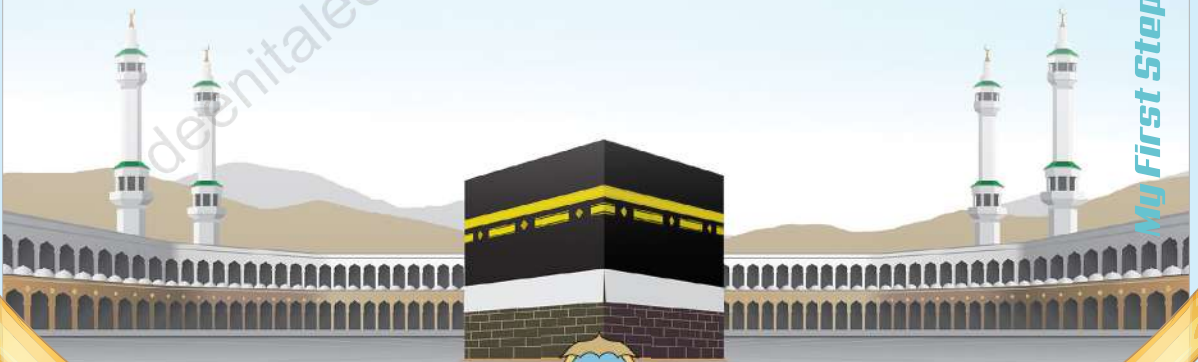
Q

Into how many portions the meat of slaughtered animal is divided?

21

A

The meat of slaughtered animal is divided into three portions. One is kept for the family itself, one is given to relatives, neighbors and friends, and the third is given to the poor and the needy.



NOTES

deenitaleemforkids Paigham-e-Noor

deenitaleemforkids Paigham-e-Noor

مولف کی دیگر طباعت کتابیں

- (1) آویچو قرآن سمجھیں تفسیر عم پارہ
- (2) آویچو حدیث سمجھیں حصہ دوم
- (3) آویچو عقیدہ سمجھیں
- (4) میرے نبی
- (5) صدائے نور جمعہ خطبات
- (6) سنہری باتیں
- (7) سنو تم بدل سکتے ہو
- (8) سمرکیمپ سلیبس
- (9) میرا پیار ادین (مکتب کا نصاب)
- (10) زندگی کا سلیقہ (نوجوانوں کے لیے رہنمائی)
- (11) بچوں کا رمضان تفصیلی اسباق اردو، رومن، انگریزی
- (12) بچوں کا رمضان سوالات و جوابات اردو، رومن، انگریزی
- (13) درس حدیث

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CURRENT DESIGNATION:

Director - Ocean The ABM School, Hyderabad.

MRP ₹ 120

Publisher & Printer: ABM Print Time +91-99890 22928, +91-90141 66042
23-1-916/B, Moghalpura, Charminar, Hyderabad - 500002, Telangana State, India